§ 36.380

messages. Toll Ticket Processing Expense is allocated between the State and interstate jurisdiction on the basis of the relative number of toll messages. Local Message Processing Expense is assigned to the exchange operation.

§36.380 Other billing and collecting expense.

- (a) This classification includes the salary expense, including supervision, general accounting administrative, and miscellaneous expense, associated with the preparation of customer bills other than carrier access charge bills and with other revenue accounting functions not covered in §36.379. Included in this classification are the expenses incurred in the preparation of monthly bills, initial and final bills, the application of service orders to billing records (establishing, changing, or discontinuing customers' accounts), stastatistical work, controlling record work and the preparation of revenue reports.
- (b) Local exchange carriers that bill or collect from end users on behalf of interexchange carriers shall allocate one third of the expenses assigned this classification to the interstate jurisdiction, and two thirds of the expenses assigned this classification to the state jurisdiction.
- (c) Local exchange carriers that do not bill or collect from end users on behalf of interexchange carriers shall allocate five percent of the expenses assigned this classification to the interstate jurisdiction, and ninety-five percent of the expenses assigned this classification to the state jurisdiction.

 $[53\ FR\ 33011,\ Aug.\ 29,\ 1988,\ as\ amended\ at\ 62\ FR\ 15416,\ Apr.\ 1,\ 1997]$

§36.381 Carrier access charge billing and collecting expense.

- (a) This classification includes the revenue accounting functions associated with the billing and collecting of access charges to interexchange carriers.
- (b) Of access charges other than end user common line access charges are assessed for the origination or termination of intrastate services in a particular state, one-half of such expense shall be apportioned to interstate operations. If no such access charges are as-

sessed in a particular state, all such expense shall be assigned to interstate operations.

§ 36.382 Category 3—All other customer services expense.

Category 3 is apportioned on the basis of categories 1 and 2.

CORPORATE OPERATIONS EXPENSE

§36.391 General.

(a) Corporate Operations Expenses are included in the following accounts: Executive and PlanningAccount 6710 General and AdministrativeAccount 6720

§ 36.392 Executive and planning—Account 6710, and general and administrative—Account 6720.

- (a) These expenses are divided into two categories:
 - (1) Extended Area Services (EAS).
 - (2) All other.
- (b) Extended Area Services (EAS) settlements are directly assigned to the exchange operation.
- (c) The expenses in these accounts are apportioned among the operations on the basis of the separation of the cost of the combined Big Three Expenses which include the following accounts:

PLANT SPECIFIC EXPENSES

- 6210 Central Office Switching Expenses
- 6220 Operators Systems Expenses
- 6230 Central Office Transmission Expenses
- 6310 Information Origination/Termination Expenses
- 6410 Cable and Wire Facilities Expense

PLANT NON-SPECIFIC EXPENSES

6530 Network Operations Expenses

CUSTOMER OPERATIONS EXPENSES

6610 Marketing

6620 Services

OPERATING TAXES

§ 36.411 Operating taxes—Account 7200.

(a) This account includes the taxes arising from the operations of the company, i.e.,

Operating Investment Tax Credits Operating Federal Income Taxes Operating State and Local Income Taxes Operating Other Taxes

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Provision for Deferred Operating Income Taxes

§ 36.412 Apportionment procedures.

- (a) For apportionment purposes, the expenses in this account are segregated into two groups as follows: (1) Operating Federal, State and local income taxes and (2) all other operating taxes.
- (b) Operating Federal, State and local income taxes are apportioned among the operations on the basis of the approximate net taxable income (positive or negative) applicable to each of the operations. The approximate net taxable income from each of the operations is the summation of the following amounts apportioned to each operation by means of the procedures set forth in this Manual:
 - (1) Operating revenues,
 - (2) Less operating expenses,
- (3) Less operating taxes except the net income tax being apportioned and except any other tax not treated as a deductible item in the determination of taxable net income for this purpose.
 - (4) Less operating fixed charges.
- (i) The amount of fixed charges attributable to the operations is obtained by subtracting the tax component (positive or negative) attributable to other than the operating fixed charges, i.e., fixed charges on non-operating investments are that proportion of total fixed charges which non-operating net investments are of total operating and non-operating net investments.
- (ii) Operating fixed charges including interest on Rural Telephone Bank Stock are apportioned among the operations on the basis of the separation of the cost of telephone plant less appropriate reserves.
- (c) Other operating taxes should be directly assigned to the appropriate jurisdiction where possible, e.g., Local Gross Receipts may be directly identified as applicable to one jurisdiction. Where direct assignment is not feasible, these expenses should be apportioned among the operations on the basis of the separation of the cost of Telecommunications Plant in Service—Account 2001.

EQUAL ACCESS EXPENSES

§ 36.421 Equal access expenses.

- (a) Equal access expenses include only initial incremental pre-subscription costs and other initial incremental expenditures related directly to the provision of equal access, that would not be required to upgrade the capabilities of the office involved absent the provision of equal access. Equal access expenses are limited to such expenditures for converting central offices that serve competitive interexchange carriers or where there has been a bona fide request for conversion to equal access.
- (b) Equal access expenses are apportioned between the jurisdictions by first segregating them from all other expenses in the primary accounts and then allocating them on the same basis as equal access investment.

Subpart E—Reserves and Deferrals

§36.501 General.

(a) For separations purposes, reserves and deferrals include the following accounts:

| Other Jurisdictional Assets—Net. | Account 1500 |
|---|--------------|
| Accumulated Depreciation | Account 3100 |
| Accumulated Depreciation—Property Held for Future Telecommunications Use. | Account 3200 |
| Accumulated Amortiza- tion—Tangible. | Account 3400 |
| Accumulated Amortization—Intangible. | Account 3500 |
| Accumulated Amortization—Other. | Account 3600 |
| Net Current Deferred Operating Income Taxes. | Account 4100 |
| Net Noncurrent Deferred Operating Income Taxes. | Account 4340 |
| Other Jurisdictional Liabil- ities and Deferred Cred- its—Net. | Account 4370 |

§ 36.502 Other jurisdictional assets— Net—Account 1500.

(a) Amounts in this account are separated based upon analysis of the specific items involved.